

7 May 2019 | 1100 hrs | 069/2019

Total inbound visitors for March were estimated at 172,971, an increase of 3.5 per cent when compared to the corresponding month in 2018.

Inbound Tourism: March 2019

A total of 145,814 inbound tourist trips were carried out for holiday purposes, while a further 16,748 were undertaken for business purposes. Inbound tourists from Non-EU Member States went up by 21.4 per cent to 27,742 when compared to the corresponding month in 2018. Most inbound tourists were aged between 25 and 44 (38.0 per cent), followed by those within the 45-64 age bracket (33.8 per cent) (Table 1).

Total nights spent went up by 2.2 per cent when compared to March 2018, surpassing 1.1 million nights. The largest share of guest nights (61.5 per cent) was spent in collective accommodation establishments (Table 3).

Total tourist expenditure was estimated at €116.5 million, an increase of 0.5 per cent over the corresponding month in 2018 (Table 4).

January-March 2019

Inbound tourist trips for the first three months of 2019 amounted to 425,892, an increase of 2.8 per cent over the same period in 2018 (Table 6). Total nights spent by inbound tourists went up by 4.2 per cent, reaching nearly 2.8 million nights (Table 8).

Total tourism expenditure was estimated at €272.4 million, 0.3 per cent higher than that recorded for 2018 (Table 9). Total expenditure per capita stood at €640, a decrease of 2.3 per cent when compared to 2018 (Table 11) ■

Chart 1. Inbound tourism: year-on-year percentage changes
(excluding overnight cruise passengers)

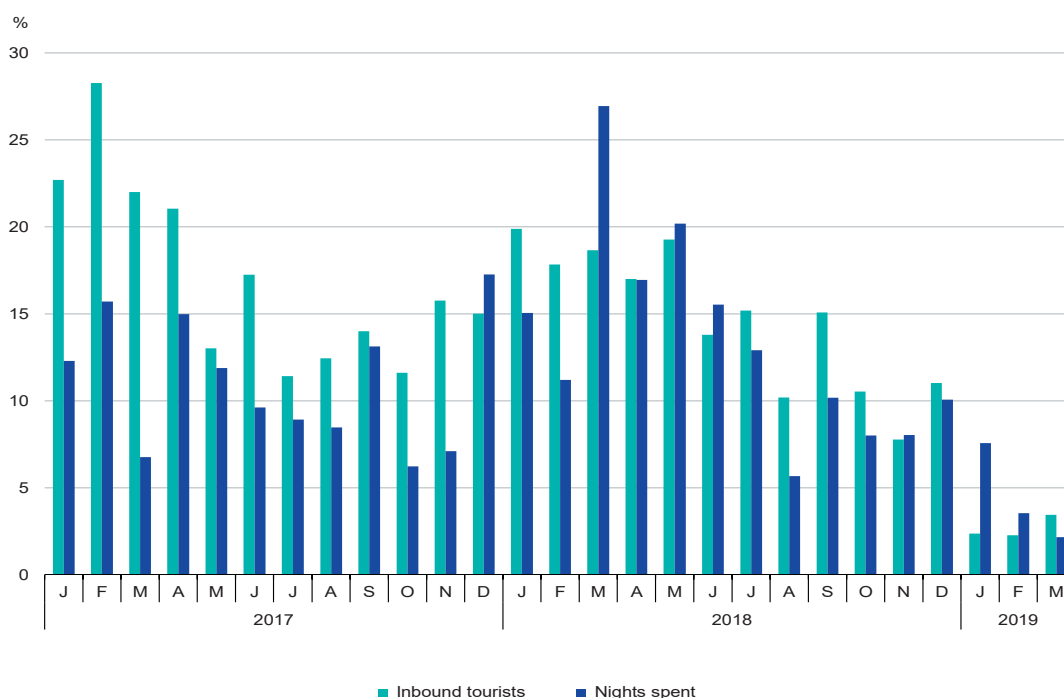


Table 1. Profile of inbound tourists by month of departure

Characteristics	March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018	
Total inbound visitors	141,266	167,197	172,971	5,773	3.5
Overnight cruise passengers	344	-	-	-	-
Inbound tourists	140,922	167,197	172,971	5,773	3.5
Mode of travel					
Air	138,298	164,334	169,579	5,244	3.2
Sea	2,624	2,863	3,392	-	-
Sex					
Males	75,899	83,453	85,514	2,061	2.5
Females	65,023	83,745	87,457	3,712	4.4
Age group					
0-24	21,671	29,835	26,077	-3,758	-12.6
25-44	47,295	58,245	65,672	7,427	12.8
45-64	47,783	54,520	58,520	3,999	7.3
65 or more	24,173	24,597	22,702	-1,895	-7.7
Markets					
EU	123,063	144,345	145,229	-	-
<i>of which: Euro area</i>	72,619	83,883	81,967	-1,916	-2.3
Non-EU	17,859	22,853	27,742	4,889	21.4
Purpose of visit					
Holiday	105,080	137,504	145,814	8,310	6.0
Business and professional	20,017	15,673	16,748	-	-
Other (including educational, religious and health tourism)	15,825	14,020	10,409	-3,611	-25.8
Organisation of stay					
Package	55,938	66,403	63,592	-2,811	-4.2
Non-package	84,984	100,794	109,378	8,584	8.5
Frequency					
First-time tourists	99,122	125,180	125,671	-	-
Repeat tourists	41,800	42,017	47,300	5,283	12.6
once a year or less	28,353	29,053	33,401	4,348	15.0
more than once a year	13,447	12,965	13,899	-	-
Duration of visit					
1-3 nights	42,347	41,487	49,642	8,155	19.7
4-6 nights	42,067	54,972	57,472	2,500	4.5
7 nights or more	56,508	70,738	65,857	-4,881	-6.9
Average length of stay (nights)	6.1	6.5	6.4	-0.1	-

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 2. Inbound tourists by month of departure and type of accommodation

Type of accommodation	March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019		
Rented accommodation	127,973	147,282	154,590	7,308	5.0
Collective	107,660	117,730	124,297	6,567	5.6
Other rented	20,313	29,552	30,293	-	-
Non-rented accommodation	12,949	19,915	18,380	-1,535	-7.7
Total tourists	140,922	167,197	172,971	5,773	3.5

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 3. Total nights spent by inbound tourists by month of departure and type of accommodation

Type of accommodation	March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019		
Rented accommodation	762,477	935,698	959,499	23,801	2.5
Collective	602,191	690,095	683,148	-6,947	-1.0
Other rented	160,286	245,603	276,350	-	-
Non-rented accommodation	94,443	152,119	151,775	-344	-0.2
Total nights	856,920	1,087,817	1,111,273	23,456	2.2

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 4. Total expenditure by inbound tourists by month of departure and expenditure category

Expenditure category	March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019		
Package	29,180	37,132	34,825	-2,307	-6.2
Non-package	30,816	36,911	38,557	1,646	4.5
Air/sea fares	15,305	17,608	17,563	-45	-0.3
Accommodation	15,511	19,303	20,994	1,691	8.8
Other expenditure	36,472	41,954	43,147	1,193	2.8
Total expenditure	96,469	115,997	116,528	532	0.5

€ 000

Notes:

1. Expenditure estimates are rounded to the nearest thousand Euro.
2. Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Table 5. Inbound tourists, nights spent and total expenditure by month of departure and country of residence

Country of residence	March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018	
Tourists					
EU	123,063	144,345	145,229	-	-
<i>of which:</i>					
France	7,705	10,765	12,077	-	-
Germany	15,803	19,518	17,103	-2,415	-12.4
Italy	24,064	27,293	25,486	-1,808	-6.6
United Kingdom	36,989	41,035	43,033	1,999	4.9
Non-EU	17,859	22,853	27,742	4,889	21.4
Total	140,922	167,197	172,971	5,773	3.5
Nights					
EU	720,908	882,698	870,402	-	-
<i>of which:</i>					
France	40,635	62,155	71,851	-	-
Germany	100,467	131,057	119,173	-11,884	-9.1
Italy	121,273	144,191	136,785	-7,405	-5.1
United Kingdom	258,651	280,659	271,337	-9,322	-3.3
Non-EU	136,012	205,120	240,872	35,752	17.4
Total	856,920	1,087,817	1,111,273	23,456	2.2
Expenditure (€000)					
EU	76,254	90,233	86,348	-	-
<i>of which:</i>					
France	5,184	7,190	7,257	-	-
Germany	11,573	14,479	12,665	-1,813	-12.5
Italy	11,826	13,251	12,099	-1,152	-8.7
United Kingdom	23,857	26,311	27,373	1,061	4.0
Non-EU	20,215	25,763	30,180	4,417	17.1
Total	96,469	115,997	116,528	532	0.5

Notes:

1. Expenditure estimates are rounded to the nearest thousand Euro.
2. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
3. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 6. Profile of inbound tourists by period of departure

Characteristics	January-March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018	
Total inbound visitors	348,890	414,400	425,892	11,492	2.8
Overnight cruise passengers	344	-	-	-	-
Inbound tourists	348,890	414,400	425,892	11,492	2.8
Mode of travel					
Air	342,163	407,215	417,353	10,138	2.5
Sea	6,727	7,185	8,538	-	-
Sex					
Males	188,080	214,410	214,873	-	-
Females	160,810	199,990	211,019	11,028	5.5
Age group					
0-24	54,761	66,002	68,442	2,441	3.7
25-44	123,565	153,442	169,880	16,438	10.7
45-64	118,140	137,986	138,316	-	-
65 or more	52,423	56,971	49,253	-7,718	-13.5
Markets					
EU	304,076	356,906	359,907	3,001	0.8
<i>of which:</i> Euro area	180,590	207,497	206,949	-	-
Non-EU	44,814	57,494	65,985	8,491	14.8
Purpose of visit					
Holiday	278,340	347,174	364,020	16,846	4.9
Business and professional	43,443	41,439	40,985	-	-
Other (including educational, religious and health tourism)	27,107	25,787	20,886	-4,901	-19.0
Organisation of stay					
Package	124,700	155,581	139,693	-15,888	-10.2
Non-package	224,190	258,820	286,199	27,380	10.6
Frequency					
First-time tourists	238,424	304,163	305,567	-	-
Repeat tourists	110,466	110,237	120,325	10,088	9.2
once a year or less	74,182	74,933	81,507	6,574	8.8
more than once a year	36,284	35,303	38,818	3,514	10.0
Duration of visit					
1-3 nights	100,804	111,524	129,859	18,334	16.4
4-6 nights	104,590	132,543	135,397	2,854	2.2
7 nights or more	143,495	170,333	160,636	-9,696	-5.7
Average length of stay (nights)	6.5	6.5	6.6	0.1	-

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 7. Inbound tourists by period of departure and type of accommodation

Type of accommodation	January-March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018	
Rented accommodation	308,779	362,804	373,144	10,340	2.9
Collective	257,311	296,919	295,637	-	-
Other rented	51,468	65,885	77,507	11,622	17.6
Non-rented accommodation	40,111	51,596	52,748	-	-
Total tourists	348,890	414,400	425,892	11,492	2.8

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 8. Total nights spent by inbound tourists by period of departure and type of accommodation

Type of accommodation	January-March			Change	Percentage change
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018	
Rented accommodation	1,924,980	2,228,036	2,302,374	74,338	3.3
Collective	1,479,398	1,679,098	1,586,149	-	-
Other rented	445,582	548,938	716,225	167,287	30.5
Non-rented accommodation	341,977	456,205	495,908	-	-
Total nights	2,266,957	2,684,241	2,798,282	114,041	4.2

Notes:

1. Totals may not add up due to rounding.
2. Changes denoted by the dash symbol (-) should be treated with caution. For more information, please refer to methodological note 5.

Table 9. Inbound tourists, nights spent and total expenditure by period of departure and country of residence

Country of residence	January-March			Change	Percentage change	
	2017	2018	2019	2019/2018		
Tourists	Australia	2,374	2,847	3,276	-	-
	Austria	4,843	7,697	4,831	-2,866	-37.2
	Belgium	15,277	12,984	12,810	-	-
	France	22,185	26,317	30,261	3,944	15.0
	Germany	35,325	46,522	38,233	-8,289	-17.8
	Hungary	2,718 ^u	3,988	4,689	-	-
	Ireland	5,396	6,778	6,517	-	-
	Italy	61,188	69,627	65,696	-3,931	-5.6
	Netherlands	8,560	9,294	7,317	-1,977	-21.3
	Poland	12,944	19,810	20,911	-	-
	Scandinavia*	11,277	15,658	14,897	-	-
	Spain	13,372	11,614	17,892	6,279	54.1
	Switzerland	5,031	5,756	5,738	-	-
	United Kingdom	90,872	100,602	101,478	-	-
	USA	4,945	6,227	8,712	2,485	39.9
	Other	52,582	68,680	82,635	13,955	20.3
Total	348,890	414,400	425,892	11,492	2.8	
Nights	Australia	29,816	53,386	30,308	-	-
	Austria	28,918	46,584	27,053	-19,531	-41.9
	Belgium	75,989	66,596	78,281	-	-
	France	122,048	156,042	188,554	32,512	20.8
	Germany	231,747	313,249	254,553	-58,697	-18.7
	Hungary	16,201 ^u	20,785	20,325	-	-
	Ireland	33,883	42,559	42,452	-	-
	Italy	317,304	368,538	387,565	19,028	5.2
	Netherlands	55,665	52,824	62,179	9,356	17.7
	Poland	77,363	117,204	126,538	-	-
	Scandinavia*	76,233	112,969	97,245	-	-
	Spain	63,784	57,567	84,587	27,020	46.9
	Switzerland	32,155	43,252	37,581	-	-
	United Kingdom	678,499	672,612	642,766	-	-
	USA	28,611	39,031	47,811	8,781	22.5
	Other	398,740	521,045	670,483	149,438	28.7
Total	2,266,957	2,684,241	2,798,282	114,041	4.2	
Expenditure (€000)	Australia	3,689	3,829	4,518	-	-
	Austria	3,982	6,221	3,315	-2,906	-46.7
	Belgium	8,715	7,228	6,993	-	-
	France	14,363	17,109	17,767	659	3.8
	Germany	25,457	31,874	25,521	-6,354	-19.9
	Hungary	1,508 ^u	2,085	2,056	-	-
	Ireland	3,587	4,486	4,452	-	-
	Italy	30,408	33,520	30,483	-3,037	-9.1
	Netherlands	5,908	5,481	4,459	-1,022	-18.6
	Poland	6,709	10,278	10,861	-	-
	Scandinavia*	9,350	12,746	10,966	-	-
	Spain	7,035	6,543	7,428	885	13.5
	Switzerland	4,733	5,639	4,750	-	-
	United Kingdom	58,284	61,051	61,649	-	-
	USA	4,964	6,308	8,255	1,947	30.9
	Other	48,515	57,057	68,898	11,841	20.8
Total	237,208	271,456	272,371	914	0.3	

^u Under represented - between 20 and 49 sample observations.

* Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden

Notes:

1. Expenditure estimates are rounded to the nearest thousand Euro.
2. Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Table 10. Total expenditure of inbound tourists by expenditure category, period of departure and country of residence

€ 000

Country of residence	Package expenditure	Non-package expenditure		Other expenditure	Total
		Air/sea fares	Accommodation		
January-March 2019					
Australia	:	1,710	671 ^u	1,478	4,518
Austria	1,139 ^u	449 ^u	477 ^u	1,249	3,315
Belgium	1,418	1,066	1,676	2,833	6,993
France	5,428	2,490	3,423	6,427	17,767
Germany	10,402	2,799	3,828	8,491	25,521
Hungary	:	373	454 ^u	821	2,056
Ireland	881 ^u	628	847	2,096	4,452
Italy	5,472	4,472	6,213	14,326	30,483
Netherlands	780 ^u	809	1,059	1,811	4,459
Poland	2,782	1,284	1,986	4,809	10,861
Scandinavia*	2,906	1,958	1,805	4,297	10,966
Spain	1,035	1,103	1,714	3,576	7,428
Switzerland	1,307 ^u	661	961 ^u	1,821	4,750
United Kingdom	20,787	6,779	9,137	24,946	61,649
USA	1,291 ^u	2,389	2,055	2,520	8,255
Other	15,233	14,952	13,090	25,624	68,898
Total	71,927	43,920	49,396	107,127	272,371
January-March 2018					
Australia	:	1,821	462 ^u	1,502	3,829
Austria	3,099	611 ^u	625 ^u	1,886	6,221
Belgium	2,077	980	1,441	2,731	7,228
France	5,997	2,270	3,343	5,499	17,109
Germany	13,596	3,506	4,684	10,089	31,874
Hungary	:	517 ^u	520 ^u	773	2,085
Ireland	1,102 ^u	622	890	1,871	4,486
Italy	7,834	4,697	6,861	14,129	33,520
Netherlands	1,438	981	946	2,116	5,481
Poland	2,163	1,521	2,510	4,085	10,278
Scandinavia*	3,777	2,371	2,112	4,487	12,746
Spain	1,322	1,329	1,301	2,591	6,543
Switzerland	1,393 ^u	858 ^u	1,518 ^u	1,870	5,639
United Kingdom	20,428	6,877	9,028	24,719	61,051
USA	748 ^u	2,559	1,407	1,593	6,308
Other	13,399	13,090	9,786	20,783	57,057
Total	78,691	44,610	47,432	100,723	271,456
January-March 2017					
Australia	:	1,438	433 ^u	1,632	3,689
Austria	1,431 ^u	671 ^u	644 ^u	1,237	3,982
Belgium	1,968	1,414	1,920	3,414	8,715
France	4,170	2,265	2,723	5,206	14,363
Germany	10,226	2,680	3,689	8,863	25,457
Hungary	:	362 ^u	413 ^u	668 ^u	1,508^u
Ireland	561 ^u	544	670	1,811	3,587
Italy	7,253	3,621	5,484	14,049	30,408
Netherlands	1,239 ^u	1,060	1,008	2,602	5,908
Poland	1,016 ^u	1,095	1,359	3,239	6,709
Scandinavia*	2,831	1,727	1,267	3,526	9,350
Spain	979	1,150	1,605	3,301	7,035
Switzerland	1,328 ^u	827 ^u	725 ^u	1,853	4,733
United Kingdom	19,040	6,547	8,173	24,523	58,284
USA	:	1,948	1,070	1,609	4,964
Other	10,472	10,340	7,680	20,023	48,515
Total	63,102	37,689	38,862	97,555	237,208

: Unreliable - less than 20 sample observations.

^u Under represented - between 20 and 49 sample observations.

* Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden

Notes:

1. Expenditure estimates are rounded to the nearest thousand Euro.
2. Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Table 11. Per capita expenditure of inbound tourists by expenditure category, period of departure and country of residence

€

Country of residence	Package expenditure	Non-package expenditure		Other expenditure	Total expenditure per capita
		Air/sea fares	Accommodation		
January-March 2019					
Australia	:	577	294 ^u	451	1,379
Austria	520 ^u	170 ^u	189 ^u	259	686
Belgium	454	109	192	221	546
France	460	135	200	212	587
Germany	528	151	235	222	668
Hungary	:	102	143 ^u	175	439
Ireland	403 ^u	145	220	322	683
Italy	401	85	158	218	464
Netherlands	450 ^u	145	239	248	609
Poland	384	93	156	230	519
Scandinavia*	523	210	239	288	736
Spain	308	76	133	200	415
Switzerland	664 ^u	175	292 ^u	317	828
United Kingdom	472	118	211	246	608
USA	892 ^u	329	309	289	948
Other	750	237	251	310	834
Total expenditure per capita	515	153	209	252	640
January-March 2018					
Australia	:	655	280 ^u	528	1,345
Austria	657	205 ^u	235 ^u	245	808
Belgium	460	115	201	210	557
France	551	146	236	209	650
Germany	529	167	265	217	685
Hungary	:	167 ^u	199 ^u	194	523
Ireland	383 ^u	160	283	276	662
Italy	403	93	179	203	481
Netherlands	409	170	198	228	590
Poland	362	109	198	206	519
Scandinavia*	587	257	272	287	814
Spain	409	159	184	223	563
Switzerland	577 ^u	246 ^u	565 ^u	325	980
United Kingdom	446	125	222	246	607
USA	543 ^u	528	338	256	1,013
Other	757	256	234	303	831
Total expenditure per capita	506	171	227	243	655
January-March 2017					
Australia	:	655	291 ^u	687	1,554
Austria	617 ^u	266 ^u	294 ^u	255	822
Belgium	467	128	197	223	570
France	502	163	222	235	647
Germany	547	161	256	251	721
Hungary	:	149 ^u	195 ^u	246 ^u	555 ^u
Ireland	423 ^u	134	213	336	665
Italy	389	85	164	230	497
Netherlands	439 ^u	185	228	304	690
Poland	372 ^u	107	141	250	518
Scandinavia*	622	257	252	313	829
Spain	371	107	165	247	526
Switzerland	664 ^u	273 ^u	274 ^u	368	941
United Kingdom	476	129	226	270	641
USA	:	458	310	325	1,004
Other	684	277	257	381	923
Total expenditure per capita	506	168	216	280	680

: Unreliable - less than 20 sample observations.

^u Under represented - between 20 and 49 sample observations.

* Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden

Table 12. Profile of overnight cruise passengers by month of departure

Characteristics	March		
	2017	2018	2019
Total overnight cruise passengers	344	-	-
Sex:			
Males	156	-	-
Females	188	-	-
Age group:			
0-19	-	-	-
20-39	5	-	-
40-59	34	-	-
60-79	264	-	-
80 or more	41	-	-
Markets:			
EU	340	-	-
<i>of which</i> : Euro area	340	-	-
Non-EU	4	-	-

Table 13. Profile of overnight cruise passengers by period of departure

Characteristics	January-March		
	2017	2018	2019
Total overnight cruise passengers	344	-	-
Sex:			
Males	156	-	-
Females	188	-	-
Age group:			
0-19	-	-	-
20-39	5	-	-
40-59	34	-	-
60-79	264	-	-
80 or more	41	-	-
Markets:			
EU	340	-	-
<i>of which</i> : Euro area	340	-	-
Non-EU	4	-	-

Methodological Notes

1. This release focuses on Inbound Tourism, which comprises of activities of non-resident visitors travelling to Malta (i.e. outside their usual environment), and staying for not more than 12 consecutive months for leisure, business or other (corresponding) purposes.
2. Inbound tourism trips are collected from an ongoing frontier national survey known as Tourstat. Tourist air departures are collected through a continuous survey carried out at the departure lounge of the Malta International Airport. A two-stage sampling design is used to collect air passengers. In the first stage, alternate days and nights are selected. In the second stage, within each shift, a sample of passengers is selected systematically. Every crossing passenger is counted and respondents are selected using a pre-defined interval of 1:20 for air.
3. Tourstat measures the number of tourist trips carried out during a particular reference month. These differ from the number of tourists in that the same person can make more than one trip during the same period.
4. Tourist sea departures are collected through a regular survey, conducted during three separate months every year at the Valletta Cruise Port. A quota sample is used to conduct sea passenger departures in which survey interviewers are guided to select people according to fixed quotas. Survey data is supplemented by administrative data provided by ferry operators.
5. Absolute and percentage changes between one survey estimate and another based on less than 1,500 tourists should be treated with caution and are represented in this news release by means of the dash symbol (-).
6. The monthly passenger departures data published by the Malta International Airport cannot be equated to the number of inbound tourists because the former is inclusive of departing Maltese and transit passengers.
7. Data on cruise passengers who spent at least one night berthed on board their cruise ship in Malta is compiled on the basis of administrative records held by Transport Malta.
8. Arrivals and nights spent in time-share accommodation are being categorised in 'Private Accommodation' instead of 'Collective Accommodation' as per Eurostat recommendation. In this regard, there may be minor differences in these statistics and statistics published in tourism supply due to the fact that hotels report time-share accommodation under 'Collective Accommodation'.
9. Prior to comparing and interpreting differences between demand-side (based on Tourstat) and supply-side (based on Accomstat) tourism statistics, users are strongly advised to consult concept 8.3 of the NSO's metadata file (<http://nso.gov.mt/metadata/reports.aspx?id=37>).
10. **Definitions:**
 - **Usual Environment:** The geographical area, though not necessarily a contiguous one, within which an individual conducts his regular life routines and shall be determined on the basis of the following criteria: the crossing of administrative borders or the distance from the place of usual residence, the duration of visit, the frequency of visit, the purpose of visit.
 - **Traveller:** A person who moves between different geographic locations, for any purpose and any duration.
 - **Visitor:** The three fundamental criteria used to distinguish visitors from travellers are:
 - a. **The trip should be to a place other than that of the usual environment**, which would exclude short-distance local transport and commuting, i.e. more or less regular trips between the place of work/study and the place of residence;
 - b. **The stay in the place visited should not last more than twelve consecutive months**, beyond which the visitor would become a resident of that place (from the statistical standpoint);
 - c. **The main purpose of the visit should be other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited**, which would exclude migratory movements for work purposes.
 - **Tourist:** A visitor who stays at least one night in a collective or private accommodation in the place/country visited.
 - **Inbound tourism:** Comprises the activities of non-resident visitors travelling to Malta (i.e. outside their usual environment), and staying for not more than 12 consecutive months for personal, business or other purposes.
 - **Total nights spent:** Nights which a guest actually spends or is registered to spend in a collective accommodation establishment or in a private accommodation.
 - **Average length of stay:** The number of nights spent divided by the number of trips during a specified reference period.
 - **Rented accommodation:** consists of the following two sub-categories:
 - a. **Collective accommodation:** comprises hotels, guesthouses, hostels, tourist villages, holiday complex, Bed & Breakfast and campsites.
 - b. **Other rented accommodation:** comprises holiday furnished premises (farmhouses, flats and villas), host families, marinas, paid-convents, rented yachts and student dormitories.
 - **Non-rented accommodation:** comprises own private residence (owned dwellings, owned caravans and yachts), staying with friends or relatives (even if charged - includes also friends' private apartments) and other private accommodation (oil rig, free-convents or timeshare, etc.).
 - **Total expenditure:** refers to the amount that is going to be paid for the acquisition of consumption goods and services, as well as valuables during tourism trips. It includes expenditures by visitors themselves, as well as expenses that are paid for or reimbursed by others. Maltese residents are asked to budget the expenditures which they are about to incur when travelling abroad. The total expenditure is broken down by the following expenditure items:
 - a. **Package expenditure:** refers to the whole amount of money spent on transport, accommodation and others services such as rental of a car, activities or outings during the trip.

- b. **Non-Package expenditure:** is the amount of money spent on transport and accommodation reported separately.
 - c. **Other expenditure:** is the amount spent on shopping, souvenirs, tickets for concerts or a sport event, entrance to a museum or zoo and day excursions during a tourism trip. It also includes durables and valuable goods, that is, the amount spent on cars, computers, paintings, jewellery and works of art.
11. More information relating to this news release may be accessed at:
- Sources and Methods: https://nso.gov.mt/en/nso/Sources_and_Methods/Unit_C3/Tourism_Statistics/Pages/TOURSTAT-Survey.aspx
 - Statistical Concepts: <http://nso.gov.mt/metadata/concepts.aspx>
 - Metadata: <http://nso.gov.mt/metadata/reports.aspx?id=37>
 - Statistical Database: <http://nso.gov.mt/statdb/start>
12. References to this news release are to be cited appropriately.
13. A detailed news release calendar is available on:
https://nso.gov.mt/en/News_Releases/Release_Calendar/Pages/News-Release-Calendar.aspx