

# Short-term Industrial Indicators: Q2/2024

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Seasonally adjusted industrial turnover recorded during the second quarter of 2024 increased by 3.4 per cent over the previous quarter. When compared to the corresponding period of 2023, working-day adjusted industrial turnover increased by 11.5 per cent.



## Quarterly comparison

During the second quarter of 2024, seasonally adjusted industrial turnover increased by 3.4 per cent over the previous quarter. Increases were registered across all the main industrial groupings. The highest increase was recorded in the consumer goods (6.2 per cent), followed by increases in the capital goods (6.1 per cent), energy (3.2 per cent) and intermediate goods (0.2 per cent) (Table 1).

Seasonally adjusted industrial employment increased by 0.8 per cent (Table 3). During this period, industrial hours worked increased by 1.4 per cent (Table 5) while industrial gross wages and salaries decreased by 0.9 per cent (Table 7).

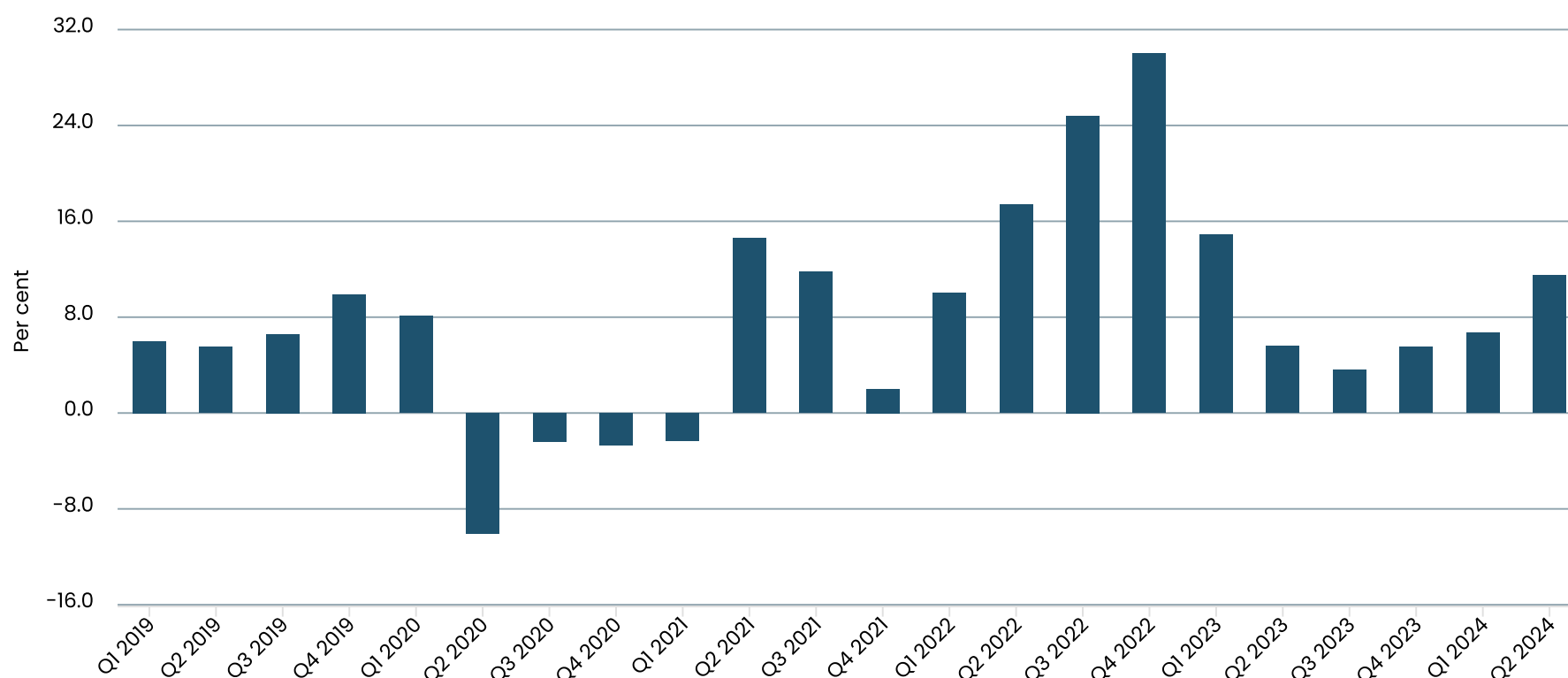
## Annual comparison

When compared to the corresponding quarter of 2023, working-day adjusted industrial turnover increased by 11.5 per cent. Increases were registered in the consumer goods (22.6 per cent), capital goods (19.5 per cent) and energy (6.9 per cent). On the other hand, intermediate goods dropped by 0.9 per cent (Table 2).

An increase of 1.5 per cent was recorded in the year-on-year unadjusted industrial employment (Table 4). Working-day adjusted industrial hours worked decreased by 0.9 per cent (Table 6) while working-day adjusted industrial gross wages and salaries rose by 4.2 per cent (Table 8).

## Chart 1. Annual industrial turnover working-day adjusted variation

(% change in comparison with corresponding quarter in previous year)



**Table 1. Industrial turnover by main industrial grouping**  
*(Seasonally adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with previous quarter				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	127.2	133.0	137.5	125.9	126.1	-3.9	4.6	3.3	-8.4	0.2
Energy	104.4	108.4	106.9	108.1	111.5	-0.9	3.9	-1.4	1.1	3.2
Capital goods	127.5	151.1	139.4	143.6	152.4	-1.1	18.5	-7.7	3.0	6.1
Consumer goods	133.5	138.1	148.2	153.8	163.4	4.4	3.4	7.3	3.8	6.2
Durable consumer goods	129.6	155.5	170.1	175.4	185.8	0.3	20.0	9.4	3.1	6.0
Non-durable consumer goods	134.6	136.6	144.3	154.9	162.0	2.6	1.5	5.6	7.4	4.6
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>125.0</b>	<b>130.1</b>	<b>134.7</b>	<b>135.0</b>	<b>139.6</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>3.4</b>

**Table 2. Industrial turnover by main industrial grouping***(Working-day adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with same quarter of the previous year				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	127.3	131.7	141.0	123.9	126.2	6.8	7.1	8.0	-4.9	-0.9
Energy	96.8	129.0	102.0	101.1	103.4	-3.8	-4.0	4.4	2.6	6.9
Capital goods	131.2	142.8	141.9	144.8	156.8	6.2	12.6	5.9	11.4	19.5
Consumer goods	125.3	139.6	173.0	137.5	153.5	9.7	1.0	3.7	19.9	22.6
Durable consumer goods	133.4	156.9	182.0	156.3	191.4	27.8	46.7	14.7	35.8	43.4
Non-durable consumer goods	124.7	138.5	172.4	136.3	151.0	8.6	-1.3	3.1	18.9	21.1
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>120.8</b>	<b>135.4</b>	<b>142.5</b>	<b>126.7</b>	<b>134.7</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>11.5</b>

**Table 3. Industrial employment by main industrial grouping**  
*(Seasonally adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with previous quarter				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	101.7	101.2	101.0	100.8	100.4	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4
Energy	101.2	103.2	101.3	101.0	106.1	-1.3	2.0	-1.8	-0.4	5.2
Capital goods	100.5	100.8	101.1	101.9	102.2	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.3
Consumer goods	104.9	105.1	105.8	106.4	107.9	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.6	1.5
Durable consumer goods	112.5	119.5	117.0	114.4	116.9	4.5	6.3	-2.1	-2.3	2.2
Non-durable consumer goods	103.6	103.3	103.9	104.6	106.2	-0.1	-0.3	0.6	0.7	1.5
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>102.7</b>	<b>102.8</b>	<b>103.1</b>	<b>103.4</b>	<b>104.2</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.8</b>

**Table 4. Industrial employment by main industrial grouping**  
*(Unadjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with same quarter of the previous year				
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	2023			2024	
						Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	101.9	101.3	100.7	100.9	100.6	0.0	-1.2	-1.3	-1.1	-1.3
Energy	101.2	103.2	101.3	101.0	106.1	1.7	0.0	-2.4	-1.6	4.9
Capital goods	100.6	101.2	101.1	101.5	102.3	3.3	5.2	4.8	3.2	1.7
Consumer goods	105.0	105.4	105.5	106.2	108.0	4.3	3.8	2.5	1.6	2.9
Durable consumer goods	112.5	119.5	117.0	114.4	116.9	6.6	12.1	9.3	6.3	3.9
Non-durable consumer goods	103.8	103.0	103.6	104.9	106.6	3.9	2.3	1.4	0.8	2.7
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>102.8</b>	<b>103.1</b>	<b>102.8</b>	<b>103.2</b>	<b>104.4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>

**Table 5. Industrial hours worked by main industrial grouping**  
*(Seasonally adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with previous quarter				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	100.6	97.1	96.5	95.8	97.9	0.2	-3.4	-0.7	-0.7	2.3
Energy	83.4	82.8	81.5	88.6	90.7	-10.5	-0.8	-1.5	8.6	2.4
Capital goods	102.9	97.8	103.6	101.9	100.0	3.4	-5.0	5.9	-1.6	-1.8
Consumer goods	108.8	107.8	107.4	109.3	112.0	1.1	-0.9	-0.4	1.8	2.4
Durable consumer goods	116.2	125.4	120.7	125.4	134.0	3.4	7.9	-3.8	3.9	6.8
Non-durable consumer goods	107.9	105.6	105.7	107.2	109.2	0.8	-2.1	0.1	1.5	1.8
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>103.5</b>	<b>100.8</b>	<b>101.7</b>	<b>102.2</b>	<b>103.6</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>-2.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>

**Table 6. Industrial hours worked by main industrial grouping***(Working-day adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with same quarter of the previous year				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	101.1	97.8	97.2	95.7	97.6	-3.2	-4.7	-4.7	-3.8	-3.5
Energy	83.4	82.8	81.5	88.6	90.7	-14.4	-16.2	-16.5	-5.0	8.7
Capital goods	102.9	97.8	103.6	101.9	100.0	0.3	4.7	1.3	2.3	-2.8
Consumer goods	108.8	107.8	107.4	109.3	112.0	6.9	4.2	1.9	1.6	2.9
Durable consumer goods	117.7	127.6	122.8	125.2	132.7	11.0	31.1	13.3	13.7	12.7
Non-durable consumer goods	107.9	105.6	105.7	107.2	109.2	6.6	1.2	0.6	0.2	1.2
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>104.1</b>	<b>101.5</b>	<b>102.4</b>	<b>102.1</b>	<b>103.2</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.9</b>

**Table 7. Industrial gross wages and salaries by main industrial grouping**  
*(Seasonally adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with previous quarter				
						2023			2024	
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	112.9	109.0	112.9	117.3	114.6	0.9	-3.5	3.5	3.9	-2.3
Energy	111.4	134.4	138.7	124.2	123.2	-1.8	20.7	3.2	-10.4	-0.8
Capital goods	119.7	115.6	121.2	122.7	126.4	8.4	-3.4	4.9	1.2	3.0
Consumer goods	114.6	115.9	116.6	120.8	119.6	1.6	1.1	0.6	3.6	-1.0
Durable consumer goods	133.3	144.3	140.8	151.5	161.9	6.0	8.3	-2.4	7.6	6.8
Non-durable consumer goods	113.2	113.3	114.8	118.6	116.3	1.1	0.1	1.4	3.3	-2.0
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>115.3</b>	<b>114.1</b>	<b>118.6</b>	<b>121.2</b>	<b>120.2</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>-0.9</b>



**Table 8. Industrial gross wages and salaries by main industrial grouping**  
*(Working-day adjusted; 2021=100)*

Main industrial grouping	2023			2024		% change compared with same quarter of the previous year				
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	2023			2024	
						Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Intermediate goods	113.9	108.3	112.7	117.1	115.6	6.3	2.7	3.3	4.8	1.5
Energy	111.4	134.4	138.7	124.2	123.2	6.0	24.0	16.3	9.5	10.6
Capital goods	119.7	115.6	121.2	122.7	126.4	11.7	11.1	9.9	11.1	5.6
Consumer goods	114.3	113.7	117.6	122.8	119.1	11.1	10.9	5.3	7.4	4.2
Durable consumer goods	133.3	144.3	140.8	151.5	161.9	17.2	36.8	11.7	20.5	21.5
Non-durable consumer goods	112.8	111.2	115.7	120.5	115.8	10.6	8.7	4.7	6.3	2.6
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>115.3</b>	<b>114.1</b>	<b>118.6</b>	<b>121.2</b>	<b>120.2</b>	<b>9.4</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>4.2</b>

# Methodological Notes

1. This news release comprises a number of business cycle indicators showing the quarterly evolution of the market of goods and services in the industrial sector. It records the evolution of turnover, employment, wages and salaries, and hours worked over long periods of time. The objective of these indicators is to measure the market activity in the industrial sector. These indicators are compiled as a “five-year chain-linked index”. The current base and reference years are 2021. The results are compiled and published according to the statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community, NACE Rev. 2.

2. The data is collected by means of a monthly questionnaire which is sent to a representative sample of business units categorised within the industrial sector. The data is then grossed up to represent the entire industrial population.

3. For the scope of the index calculation, NACE divisions 09, 12, 15, 19, 24 and NACE groups 27.5 and 30.9 are excluded because of their negligible activity.

4. The calendar and seasonal adjustments for this release are done directly on quarterly indices. These indices cannot be compared directly to the indices published by Eurostat, since quarterly adjusted European aggregates are calculated from monthly adjusted series, which are provided by the Member States.

5. Calendar adjustment is a statistical method for removing the calendar effect from an economic time series. The calendar effect is the variation caused by the changing number of particular weekdays or holidays in different months or other time periods (quarters, years). The number of working days for a given quarter may depend on the timing of certain public holidays, the possible overlap of certain public holidays and non-working days and the occurrence of a leap year. This method is used to compare the data with that of the same quarter of the previous year.

6. Working day adjustment is the part of calendar adjustment which focuses on the changing number of working days (Monday to Friday) in the various months/quarters and their effect on statistical indicators for these months/quarters.

7. Seasonal adjustment removes variations which include effects due to quarter lengths, holidays and particular events such as Christmas. Statistically, seasonal adjustment takes place after a time series has already been cleared of calendar effects by way of working-day adjustment. This method is used to compare data with that of the previous quarter.

8. The objective of Main Industrial Groupings (MIGs) is to provide an activity breakdown of industry (NACE Rev. 2 Sections B, C, D and E). These regroup all the activities between Sections B to E and cover economic activities of companies in the quarrying, manufacturing, water and energy sectors. There are four MIGs, namely intermediate goods, energy, capital goods and consumer goods, of which the consumer goods grouping is further broken down into durable consumer goods and non-durable consumer goods.

9. Definitions:

- **Turnover:** Includes total sales and other income presented in current prices and is expressed net of VAT.
- **Wages and salaries:** Covers wages and salaries including bonuses, weekly allowances (cost of living allowances), overtime and national social security contributions by employees. It does not include employers’ social security charges.
- **Employment:** Covers all persons employed, regardless of whether they are part-time or full-time, and includes paid employees, working proprietors and unpaid family workers. Employment is not working-day adjusted since the number of employees does not depend on the factors that make up the working-day effect.
- **Hours worked:** Covers total amount of hours actually worked; regular working hours and hours worked during overtime, during nights, Sundays or Public holidays. Hours worked but not paid are also considered.

A distribution of the aggregation weights (2021) by variable and main industrial grouping is presented in the following table.

Main industrial grouping	Turnover	Employment	Wages and salaries	Hours worked
Intermediate goods	31.8	30.2	32.1	29.6
Energy	21.3	5.8	5.2	7.7
Capital goods	16.6	23.2	23.5	24.5
Consumer goods	30.3	40.8	39.2	38.2
Durable consumer goods	1.9	5.8	4.4	2.8
Non-durable consumer goods	28.4	35	34.8	35.4
<b>Total industry</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>

10. The calculation of growth rates from the indices table may slightly differ from the growth rates published due to rounding.

11. The data contained in this release should be considered as provisional and thereby subject to revision. Each release may include revisions of the past quarterly data in respect of a rolling two-year period.

12. More information relating to this news release may be accessed at:

[Statistical Concepts](#)

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13. A detailed news release calendar is available [online](#).

14. References to this news release are to be cited appropriately. For guidance on access and re-use of data please visit our [dedicated webpage](#).

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